

Real estate project (REP) other than Residential Real estate project (RREP)

Input tax credit attributable to construction of residential portion in a real estate project (REP) other than residential real estate project (RREP), which has time of supply on or after 1st April, 2019, shall be calculated project wise for all projects which commence on or after 1st April, 2019 or ongoing projects in respect of which the promoter has not exercised option to pay central tax on construction of apartments at the rates as specified for item (ie) or (if) against serial number 3, as the case may be, in the prescribed manner, before the due date for furnishing of the return for the month of September following the end of financial year 2018-19, in the following manner:

1. Where % completion as on 31st March, 2019 is not zero or where there is inventory in stock

- (a) Input tax credit on inputs and input services attributable to construction of residential portion in a REP, which has time of supply on or after 1st April, 2019, may be denoted as Tx. Tx shall be calculated as under:

$$Tx = T - T_e$$

Where,

- (i) T is the total ITC availed (utilized or not) on inputs and input services used in construction of the REP from 1st July, 2017 to 31st March, 2019 including transitional credit taken on 1st July, 2017;
- (ii) T_e is the eligible ITC attributable to (a) construction of commercial portion and (b) construction of residential portion, in the REP which has time of supply on or before 31st March, 2019;
- (b) T_e shall be calculated as under:

$$T_e = T_c + T_r$$

Where, -

T_c is the ITC attributable to construction of commercial portion in the REP, calculated as under:

$T_c = T * (\text{carpet area of commercial apartments in the REP} / \text{total carpet area of commercial and residential apartments in the REP})$ and

T_r is the ITC attributable to construction of residential portion in the REP which has time of supply on or before 31st March, 2019 and which shall be calculated as under,

$$T_r = T * F_1 * F_2 * F_3 * F_4$$

Where, -

$$F_1 = \frac{\text{Carpet area of residential apartments in REP}}{\text{Total carpet area of commercial and residential apartments in the REP}}$$

$$F_2 = \frac{\text{Total carpet area of residential apartment booked on or before 31st March, 2019}}{\text{Total carpet area of the residential apartment in REP}}$$

$$F_3 = \frac{\text{Such Value of supply of construction of residential apartments booked on or before 31st March, 2019 which has time of supply on or before 31st March, 2019}}{\text{Total value of supply of construction of residential apartments booked on or before 31st March, 2019}}$$

(F3 is to account for percentage invoicing of booked residential apartments)

$$F_4 = \frac{1}{\% \text{ Completion of construction as on 31st March, 2019}}$$

Illustration: where one- fifth (twenty percent) of the construction has been completed, F₄ shall be $100 \div 20 = 5$.

Explanation: “% Completion of construction as on 31st March, 2019” shall be the same as declared to the Real Estate Regulatory Authority in terms of section 4 and section 11 of Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 (16 of 2016) and where the same is not required to be declared to the Real Estate Regulatory Authority, it shall be got determined and certified by an architect registered with the Council of Architecture constituted under the Architects Act, 1972 (20 of 1972) or a chartered engineer registered with the Institution of Engineers (India).

(c) A registered person shall have the option to calculate ‘Te’ in the manner prescribed below instead of the manner prescribed in (b) above,-

Te shall be calculated as under:

$$Te = Tc + T1 + Tr$$

Where, -

Tc is the ITC attributable to construction of commercial portion in the REP, calculated as under:

$T_c = T_3 * (\text{carpet area of commercial apartments in the REP} / \text{total carpet area of commercial and residential apartments in the REP});$

Wherein

$$T_3 = T - (T_1 + T_2)$$

$T_1 = \text{ITC attributable exclusively to construction of commercial portion in the REP}$

$T_2 = \text{ITC attributable exclusively to construction of residential portion in the REP}$

and

T_r is the ITC attributable to construction of residential portion in the REP which has time of supply on or before 31.03.2019 and which shall be calculated as under,

$$T_r = (T_3 + T_2) * F_1 * F_2 * F_3 * F_4$$

or

$$T_r = (T - T_1) * F_1 * F_2 * F_3 * F_4$$

(d) The amounts 'Tx' and 'Te' shall be computed separately for input tax credit of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax.

(e) Where, Tx is positive, i.e. $T_e < T$, the registered person shall pay, by debit in the electronic credit ledger or electronic cash ledger, an amount equal to the difference between T and T_e . Such amount shall form part of the output tax liability of the registered person and the amount shall be furnished in FORM GST ITC- 03.

Explanation: The registered person may file an application in FORM GST DRC- 20, seeking extension of time for the payment of taxes or any amount due or for allowing payment of such taxes or amount in installments in accordance with the provisions of section 80. The commissioner may issue an order in FORM GST DRC- 21 allowing the taxable person further time to make payment and/or to pay the amount in such monthly installments, not exceeding twenty-four, as he may deem fit.

(f) Where Tx is negative, i.e. $T_e > T$, the registered person shall be eligible to take ITC on goods and services received on or after 1st April, 2019 for construction of residential portion in the REP, for which he shall not otherwise be eligible, to the extent of difference between T_e and T.

(g) The registered person may calculate T_c and utilize credit to the extent of T_c for payment of tax on commercial apartments, till the complete accounting of Tx is carried out and submitted.

(h) Where percentage completion is zero but ITC has been availed on goods and services received for the project on or prior to 31st March, 2019, input tax credit attributable to construction of residential portion which has time of supply on or after 1st April, 2019, shall be calculated and the amount equal to Tx shall be paid or taken credit of, as the case

may be, as prescribed above, with the modification that percentage completion for calculation of F_4 shall be taken as the percentage completion which, as certified by an architect registered with the Council of Architecture constituted under the Architects Act, 1972 (20 of 1972) or a chartered engineer registered with the Institution of Engineers (India), can be achieved with the input services received and inputs in stock as on 31st March, 2019.

2. Where % completion as on 31st March, 2019 is zero but invoicing has been done having time of supply before 31st March, 2019, and no input services or inputs have been received as on 31st March, 2019, “Te” shall be calculated as follows: -

(a) Input tax credit on inputs and input services attributable to construction of residential portion in a REP, which has time of supply on or before 31st March, 2019 may be denoted as T_e which shall be calculated as under,

$$T_e = T_c + T_r$$

Where, -

T_c is the ITC attributable to construction of commercial portion in the REP, calculated as under:

$T_c = T_n * (\text{carpet area of commercial apartments in the REP} / \text{total carpet area of commercial and residential apartments in the REP})$ and

T_r is the ITC attributable to construction of residential portion in the REP which has time of supply on or before 31st March, 2019 and which shall be calculated as under,

$$T_r = T_n * F_1 * F_2 * F_3$$

Where, -

T_n = Tax paid on such inputs and input services on which ITC is available under the CGST Act, received in 2019-20 for construction of REP

F_1 , F_2 and F_3 shall be the same as in para 1 above

(b) The registered person shall be eligible to take ITC on goods and services received on or after 1st April, 2019 for construction of residential portion in the REP, for which he shall not otherwise be eligible, to the extent of the amount of T_e .

(c) The amount ‘ T_e ’ shall be computed separately for input tax credit of central tax, State tax, Union territory tax and integrated tax.

3. Notwithstanding anything contained in paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 above, T_e shall be determined in the following situations as under:

(i) where percentage invoicing is more than the percentage completion and the difference between percentage invoicing (per cent. points) and the percentage completion (per cent. points) of construction is more than 25 per cent. points; the

value of percentage invoicing shall be deemed to be percentage completion plus 25 percent. points;

- (ii) where the value of invoices issued on or prior to 31st March, 2019 exceeds the consideration actually received on or prior to 31st March, 2019 by more than 25 per cent. of consideration actually received; the value of such invoices for the purpose of determination of percentage invoicing shall be deemed to be actual consideration received plus 25 percent. of the actual consideration received; and
- (iii) where, the value of procurement of inputs and input services prior to 1st April, 2019 exceeds the value of actual consumption of the inputs and input services used in the percentage of construction completed as on 31st March, 2019 by more than 25 percent. of value of actual consumption of inputs and input services, the jurisdictional commissioner or any other officer authorized in this regard may fix the Te based on actual per unit consumption of inputs and input services based on the documents duly certified by a chartered accountant or cost accountant submitted by the promoter in this regard, applying the accepted principles of accounting.

Illustration 1:

Sl. No	Details of a REP (Res + Com)			
	A	B	C	D
1	No. of apartments in the project		100	units
2	No. of residential apartments in the project		75	units
3	Carpet area of the residential apartment		70	sqm
4	Total carpet area of the residential apartments	$C2 * C3$	5250	sqm
5	value of each residential apartment		0.60	crore
6	Total value of the residential apartments	$C2 * C5$	45.00	crore
7	No. of commercial apartments in the project		25	units
8	Carpet area of the commercial apartment		30	sqm
9	Total carpet area of the commercial apartments	$C7 * C8$	750	sqm
10	Total carpet area of the project (Resi + Com)	$C4 + C9$	6000	sqm
11	Percentage completion as on 31.03.2019 [as declared to RERA or determined by chartered engineer]		20%	
12	No of residential apartments booked before transition		40	units
13	Total carpet area of the residential apartments booked before transition	$C12 * C3$	2800	sqm
14	Value of booked residential apartments	$C5 * C12$	24	crore
15	Percentage invoicing of booked residential apartments on or before 31.03.2019		20%	
16	Total value of supply of residential apartments having t.o.s. prior to transition	$C14 * C15$	4.8	crore
17	ITC to be reversed on transition, $T_x = T - T_e$			
18	Eligible ITC (Te)= $T_c + T_r$			
19	T (*see notes below)		1	crore
20	$T_c = T_x$ (carpet area of commercial apartments in the REP/ total carpet area of commercial and residential apartments in the REP)	$C19 * (C9 / C10)$	0.125	crore
21	$T_r = T_x F1 x F2 x F3 x F4$			
22	F1	$C4 / C10$	0.875	
23	F2	$C13 / C4$	0.533	
24	F3	$C16 / C14$	0.200	
25	F4	$1 / C11$	5	
26	$T_r = T_x F1 x F2 x F3 x F4$	$C19 * C22 * C23 * C24 * C25$	0.467	crore
27	Eligible ITC (Te)= $T_c + T_r$	$C26 + C20$	0.592	crore
28	ITC to be reversed on transition, $T_x = T - T_e$	$C19 - C27$	0.408	crore
	* Note:-			
	1. The value of T at C19 has been estimated for illustration based on weighted average tax on inputs.			
	2. In actual practice, the registered person shall take 'aggregate of ITC taken as declared in GSTR-3B of tax periods from 1.7.2017 or commencement of project which is later and transitional credit taken under section 140 of CGST Act' as value of T.			

Illustration 2:

Sl. No	Details of a REP (Res + Com)			
	A	B	C	D
1	No. of apartments in the project		100	units
2	No. of residential apartments in the project		75	units
3	Carpet area of the residential apartment		70	sqm
4	Total carpet area of the residential apartments	$C2 * C3$	5250	sqm
5	value of each residential apartment		0.60	crore
6	Total value of the residential apartments	$C2 * C5$	45.00	crore
7	No. of commercial apartments in the project		25	units
8	Carpet area of the commercial apartment		30	sqm
9	Total carpet area of the commercial apartments	$C7 * C8$	750	sqm
10	Total carpet area of the project (Resi + Com)	$C4 + C9$	6000	sqm
11	Percentage completion (Pc) as on 31.03.2019 [as declared to RERA or determined by chartered engineer]		20%	
12	No of residential apartments booked before transition		40	units
13	Total carpet area of the residential apartments booked before transition	$C12 * C3$	2800	sqm
14	Value of booked residential apartments	$C5 * C12$	24	crore
15	Percentage invoicing of booked residential apartments on or before 31.03.2019		60%	
16	Total value of supply of residential apartments having t.o.s. prior to transition	$C14 * C15$	14.4	crore
17	ITC to be reversed on transition, $T_x = T - T_e$			
18	Eligible ITC (Te)= $T_c + T_r$			
19	T (*see notes below)		1	crore
20	$T_c = T \times$ (carpet area of commercial apartments in the REP/ total carpet area of commercial and residential apartments in the REP)	$C19 * (C9/ C10)$	0.125	crore
21	$T_r = T \times F1 \times F2 \times F3 \times F4$			
22	F1	$C4 / C10$	0.875	
23	F2	$C13 / C4$	0.533	
24	F3	$C16 / C14$	0.600	
25	F4	$1/ C11$	5	
26	$T_r = T \times F1 \times F2 \times F3 \times F4$	$C19 * C22 * C23 * C24 * C25$	1.400	crore
27	Eligible ITC (Te)= $T_c + T_r$	$C26 + C20$	1.525	crore
28	ITC to be reversed/ taken on transition, $T_x = T - T_e$	$C19 - C27$	-0.525	crore
29	T_x after application of cap on % invoicing vis-a-vis Pc			
30	% completion		20%	
31	% invoicing		60%	
32	% invoicing after application of cap($P_c + 25\%$)	$C11 + 25\%$	45%	
33	Total value of supply of residential apartments having t.o.s. prior to transition	$C14 * C32$	10.80	crore
34	F3 after application of cap	$C33 / C14$	0.45	
35	$T_r = T \times F1 \times F2 \times F3 \times F4$ (after application of cap)	$C19 * C22 * C23 * C34 * C25$	1.05	crore
36	Eligible ITC (Te)= $T_c + T_r$ (after application of cap)	$C20 + C35$	1.18	crore
37	ITC to be reversed / taken on transition, $T_x = T - T_e$ (after application of cap)	$C19 - C36$	-0.18	crore
38	T_x after application of cap on % invoicing vis-a-vis Pc and payment realisation			
39	% invoicing after application of cap($P_c + 25\%$)		45%	
40	Total value of supply of residential apartments having t.o.s. prior to transition	C33	10.80	crore
41	Consideration received		8.00	crore
42	Total value of supply of residential apartments having t.o.s. prior to transition after application of cap vis-a-vis consideration received	$8 \text{ cr} + 25\% \text{ of } 8 \text{ Cr}$	10.00	crore
43	F3 after application of both the caps	$C42 / C14$	0.42	
44	$T_r = T \times F1 \times F2 \times F3 \times F4$ (after application of both the caps)	$C19 * C22 * C23 * C43 * C25$	0.97	
45	Eligible ITC (Te)= $T_c + T_r$ (after application of both the caps)	$C20 + C44$	1.10	
46	ITC to be reversed / taken on transition, $T_x = T - T_e$ (after application of both the caps)	$C19 - C45$	-0.10	crore
	* Note:-			
	1. The value of T at C19 has been estimated for illustration based on weighted average tax on inputs.			
	2. In actual practice, the registered person shall take 'aggregate of ITC taken as declared in GSTR-3B of tax periods from 1.7.2017 or commencement of project which is later and transitional credit taken under section 140 of CGST Act' as value of T.			

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